

Recitation 1: Introduction of ODE

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Exercise 1. Let us investigate the differential equation $\frac{dy}{dt} + ty^2 = t^3$.

1. Express the equation in the form $\frac{dy}{dt} = F(y, t)$.
2. Find the value $F(y, t)$ in the grid of $[-5, 5] \times [-5, 5]$.
3. Sketch the some solutions of the equation.
4. Describe the behaviors of this equation.

Exercise 2. Match the differential equations to the directional field. (See the complementary sheet.)

Exercise 3. Write down the classification of the following equations. Here $y = y(t)$ and $f = f(t, x, y)$.

Equation	Order	Linear/Nonlinear	ODE/PDE
$y' + 2y = 0$			
$y' + 6y^2 = 0$			
$y^{(2000)} = t + t^2$			
$\frac{d}{dt}(y)^2 = y + t^2 + 7$			
$y^{(n)} - y^{(n-1)} = y^2$			
$\frac{df}{dt} = \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial x^2} + \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial y^2}$			

Exercise 4. Find the general solution of the given differential equations, and use it to determine how solutions behave as $t \rightarrow \infty$.

1. $y' + 3y = t + e^{-2t}$,
2. $y' - 2y = te^{2t}$,
3. $y' - \frac{1}{t}y = 3 \cos(2t), t > 0$,
4. $ty' - y = t^2e^{-t}, t > 0$.

Exercise 5. A pond initially contains 1,000,000 L of water and an unknown amount of an undesirable chemical. Water containing 0.01 grams of this chemical per liter flows into the pond at a rate of 300 L/h. The mixture flows out at the same rate, so the amount of water in the pond remains constant. Assume that the chemical is uniformly distributed throughout the pond.

1. Write a differential equation for the amount of chemical in the pond at any time.
2. How much of the chemical will be in the pond after a very long time? Does this limiting amount depend on the amount that was present initially?